

Data Intensive Systems (DIS)



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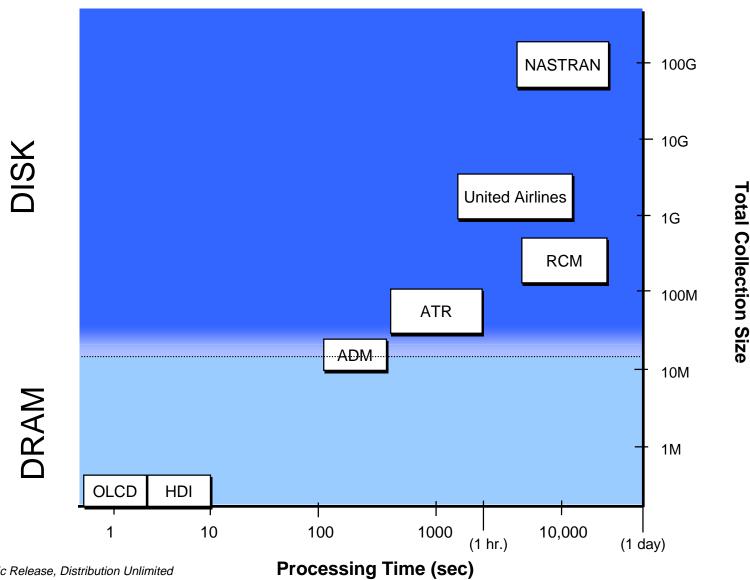


Outline

- The Data Intensive Problem & Opportunity
- Defense Data Intensive Requirements
- Goal
- Approach
- Product & Impact
- Roadmap

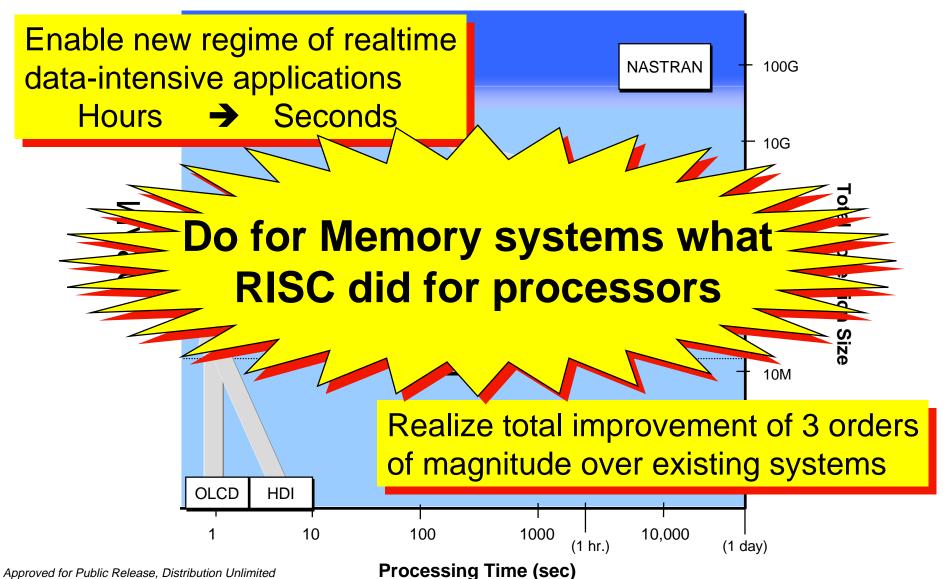


Today: Disk-Based Processing





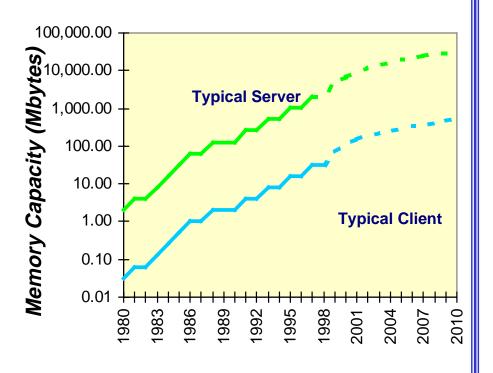
Opportunity: Memory Based Processing (Yr. 2005+)



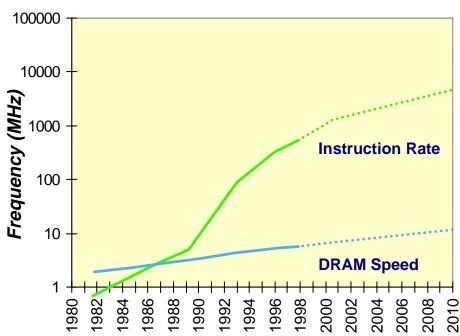


Problem: Logic and Memory Speeds Diverging

Memory Capacity



Memory vs. CPU Cycle Times

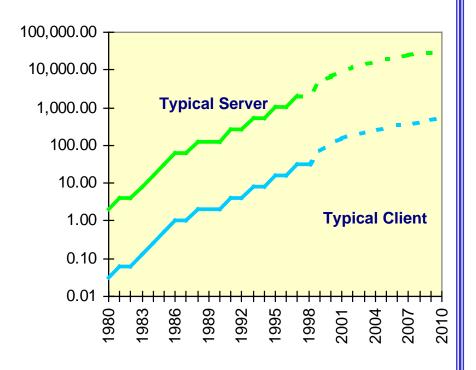


Memory access times has failed to keep pace with memory growth

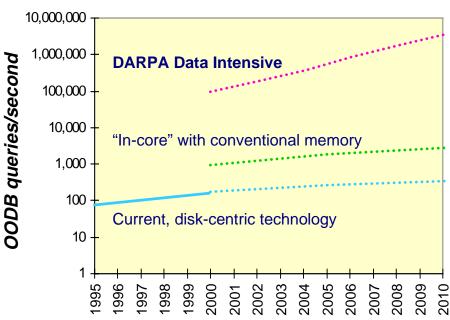


DARPA Implications for In-Memory Databases

Memory Capacity



Query Capacity

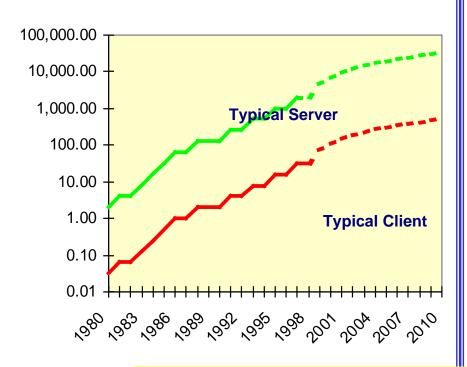


Programs/Data will grow to fill-up all of available memory

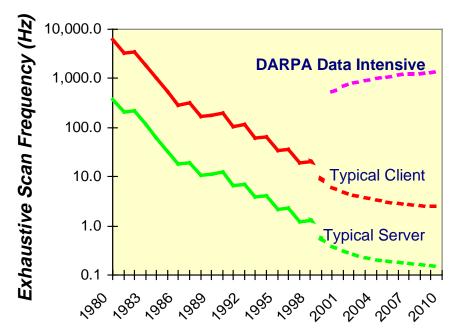


Implications for In-Memory Data Scan

Memory Capacity



Scan Frequency



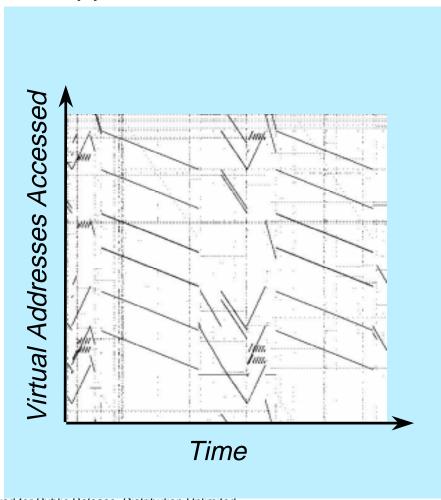
Metric: Frequency at which an object collection can be exhaustively scanned

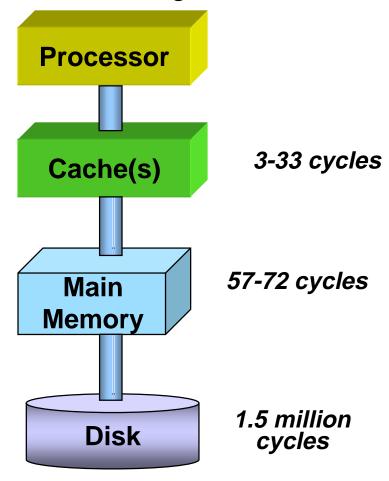


Aggravating the Problem ...

Traditional Premise:

Applications Have Small Working Sets of Contiguous Data



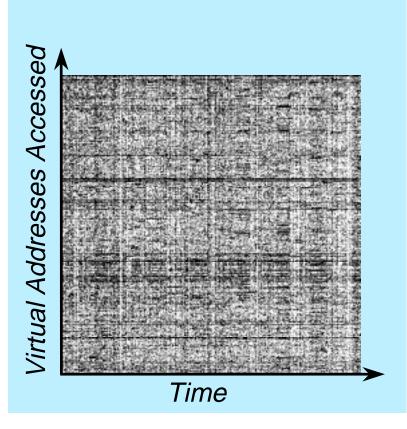




Data-Starved Defense Applications

Many Defense Applications Have Large Data Sets That Are Accessed Non-Contiguously

Result: These data intensive defense applications perform at 1% of peak.



Data Starved Applications

- Radar Cross-Section Modeling (FMM)
- High-Definition Imaging (HDI)
- Terrain Masking
- Relational Databases
- Object-Oriented Databases(OODB)
- Structural Dynamics
- Circuit Simulation



Data Intensive Systems Goal

Enable new regime of realtime data-intensive applications

Hours → Seconds

Performance will be demonstrated by computing 64 looks/min. at a T-72 (tank) using model based ATR.

64 looks today at a T-72 would require 18.5 hours!



Approach

Two complementary tasks:

In Situ Processing

Logic within memory chips manipulates data within the memory subsystem

Adaptive Cache Management

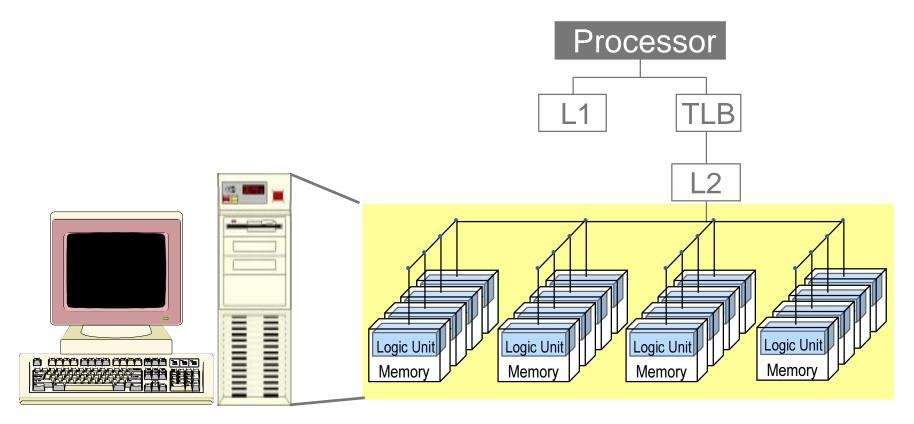
Applications manage memory hierarchy so data placement and flow is tailored to application specific needs



Data Intensive Approach: In Situ Processing

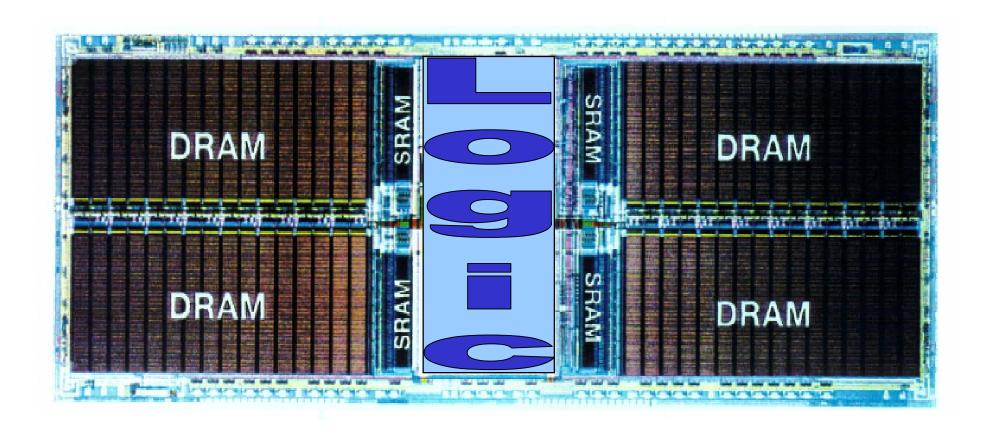
Put a Modicum of Intelligence DRAM Chips

- Search and sort in situ
- Execute operations at the site of the data





Integration of Logic in Memory

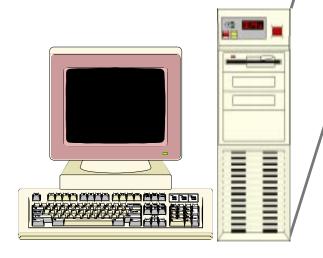


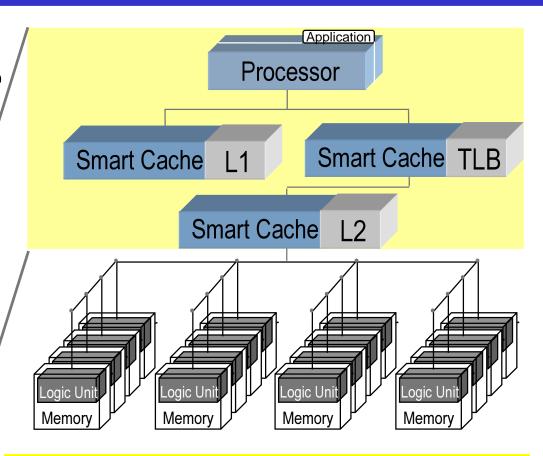


Data Intensive Approach: Adaptive Cache Management

Empower applications with the ability to manage the memory caches

 data movement is tailored to their specific needs





Leverage application knowledge and runtime information to extract locality from apparently pseudorandom access patterns

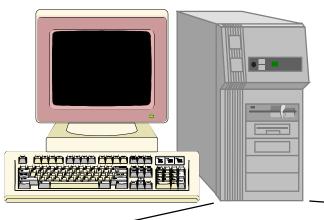


PRODUCTS: Technology

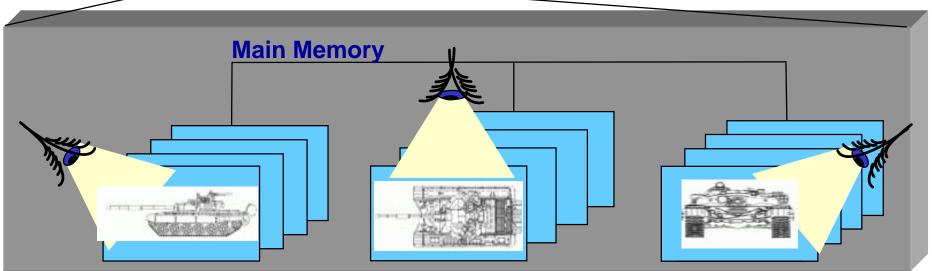
- Workstation with new memory hierarchy
 - Capable of processing data within memory
 - Adaptive caches that allow applications to manage data movement
 - Compiler enhancements to leverage above features
 - Integration with mainstream OS and database packages



PRODUCTS: Accelerating Model-Based ATR

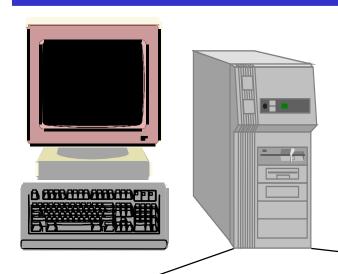


- Compute 64 looks at a T-72 in one minute (1,000,000 ray-patch intersections/second/chip).
- Demonstrate a 20-fold improvement in the performance of the MoM FMM-based radar cross-section modeling code.

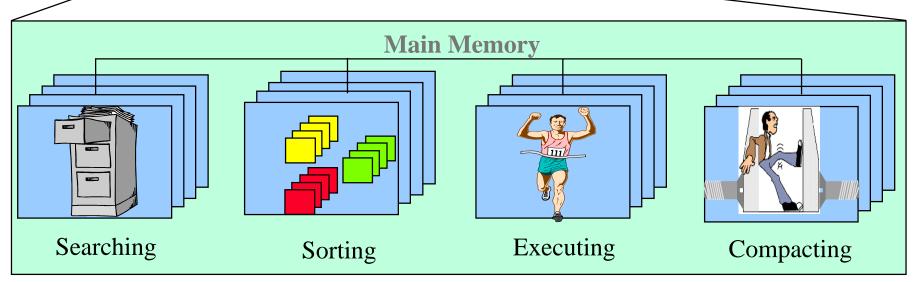




Broad Impact On Many DataIntensive Operations



- Search and sort in parallel
- Execute object oriented, methods at the site of the object's data
- Automatic garbage collection, compacting and dereferencing





Data Intensive Systems Roadmap

